

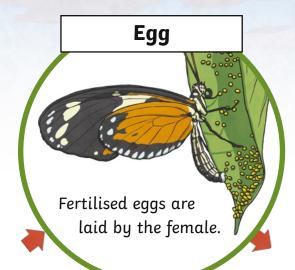
Animal Life Cycles

Activity

Insect life cycles

Click each box to select the correct stage of the life cycle. Then click on each stage (circle) to change the image and explanation so that it is correct. The first one has been done for you.











Complete the sentences by selecting the correct word from the drop-down box.

The journey of changes that take place throughout the life of a living thing is known as .

When the butterfly lays her onto a leaf, they can be round, oval or even cylindrical.

The caterpillar undergoes a process called inside its chrysalis or pupa, where it is changing.

When the fully formed then flies off to seek out a

emerges, it dries its wings and . The cycle .





Activity

Amphibian life cycles

Complete the life cycle of a frog by selecting the correct answer and typing in the empty boxes to explain what happens. Use the word bank to help with your explanation.

Adult Frog

The tail

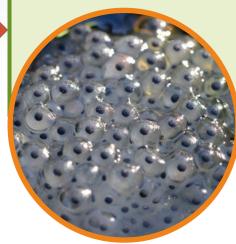
completely and the froglet starts to eat insects. In 2-3 years it will become an adult and will

that are

fertilised by the male.

Eggs (Frogspawn)

The female lays a mass of



Hatching

After...

Froglet

The tadpole grows...



Tadpole with Legs

The tadpole grows fins and a

Then, it develops lungs and legs.

Word Bank

land 2-25 days front legs tadpole shorter tail water hatches nutrients

Tadpole

The tadpole swims and eats It breathes through





Challenge

Answer the following questions and type in your answers below.

1. Female frogs can lay up to 4,000 eggs at a time, which then become fertilised by a male. Why do you think they lay so many?

2. What is the difference between sexual and asexual reproduction?

3. What happens during fertilisation?

